## An Internet Book on Fluid Dynamics

## Problem 220K

The following device, known as a Venturi meter, is used to measure the flow rate of water in a pipe of cross-sectional area $A_{0}$. A convergent/divergent nozzle with a throat area $A_{T}$ is installed in the pipe:


Pressure taps are located upstream of the nozzle and at the throat; these are connected to a water/mercury manometer as shown. When the water is flowing through the device, the manometer levels differ by an elevation, $h$. Neglecting viscous effects, find the formula which should be used to determine the flow rate, $Q=U A_{0}$, from the measured value of $h$. Denote the densities of water and mercury by $\rho_{W}$ and $\rho_{M}$ and gravity by $g$.

